Food and Drug Administration, HHS

3d Ed. (1981), p. 8, which is incorporated by reference. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/code_of_federal_regulations/ibr_locations.html.

- (c) The ingredient is used as a curing and pickling agent as defined in §170.3(o)(5) of this chapter; flavor enhancer as defined in §170.3(o)(11) of this chapter; flavoring agent and adjuvant as defined in §170.3(o)(12) of this chapter; pH control agent as defined in §170.3(o)(23) of this chapter; as a solvent and vehicle as defined in §170.3(o)(27) of this chapter; and as a boiler water additive complying with §173.310 of this chapter.
- (d) The ingredient is used in food at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice in accordance with §184.1(b)(1). Current good manufacturing practice results in a maximum level as served, of 0.25 percent for baked goods as defined in §170.3(n)(1) of this chapter; 0.8 percent for cheeses as defined in $\S170.3(n)(5)$ of this chapter and dairy product analogs as defined in §170.3(n)(10) of this chapter; 0.5 percent chewing gum as defined in §170.3(n)(6) of this chapter; 9.0 percent for condiments and relishes as defined in §170.3(n)(8) of this chapter; 0.5 percent for fats and oils as defined in $\S170.3(n)(12)$ of this chapter; 3.0 percent for gravies and sauces as defined in §170.3(n)(24) of this chapter; 0.6 percent for meat products as defined in 170.3(n)(29) of this chapter; and 0.15 percent or less for all other food categories. The ingredient may also be used in boiler water additives at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice.
- (e) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[47 FR 27814, June 25, 1982]

§ 184.1007 Aconitic acid.

(a) A conitic acid (1,2,3-propenetricarboxylic acid ($C_6H_6O_6$),

CAS Reg. No. 000499–12–7) occurs in the leaves and tubers of *Aconitum napellus* L. and other *Ranunculaceae*. Transaconitic acid can be isolated during sugarcane processing, by precipitation as the calcium salt from cane sugar or molasses. It may be synthesized by sulfuric acid dehydration of citric acid, but not by the methanesulfonic acid method.

- (b) The ingredient meets the following specifications:
- (1) Assay. Not less than 98.0 percent of $C_3H_3(COOH)_3$, using the "Food Chemicals Codex," 4th ed. (1996), pp. 102-103, test for citric acid, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51, and a molecular weight of 174.11. Copies of the material incorporated by reference are available from the National Academy Press, Box 285, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20055 (Internet address http://www.nap.edu), or may be examined at the Center for Food Safety and Applied Nutrition's Library, Food and Drug Administration, 5100 Paint Branch Pkwy., College Park, MD 20740, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030. orgo to: http:// www.archives.gov/federal register/ code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html.
- (2) Melting point. Not less than 195 °C and the determination results in decomposition of aconitic acid.
- (3) Heavy metals (as Pb). Not more than 10 parts per million.
- (4) Arsenic (as As). Not more than 3 parts per million.
 - (5) Oxalate. Passes test.
- (6) Readily carbonizable substances. Passes the test for citric acid of the "Food Chemicals Codex," 4th ed. (1996), pp. 102–103, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. The availability of this incorporation by reference is given in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (7) Residue on ignition. Not more than 0.1 percent as determined by the "Food Chemicals Codex," 4th ed. (1996), pp. 102–103, test for citric acid, which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

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The availability of this incorporation by reference is given in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

- (c) The ingredient is used as a flavoring substance and adjuvant as defined in §170.3(o)(12) of this chapter.
- (d) The ingredient is used in food, in accordance with \$184.1(b)(1), at levels not to exceed good manufacturing practice. Current good manufacturing practice results in a maximum level, as served, of 0.003 percent for baked goods as defined in \$170.3(n)(1) of this chapter, 0.002 percent for alcoholic beverages as defined in \$170.3(n)(2) of this chapter, 0.0015 percent for frozen dairy products as defined in \$170.3(n)(20) of this chapter, 0.0035 percent for soft candy as defined in \$170.3(n)(38) of this chapter, and 0.0005 percent or less for all other food categories.
- (e) Prior sanctions for this ingredient different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[43 FR 47724, Oct. 17, 1978, as amended at 49 FR 5610, Feb. 14, 1984; 64 FR 1759, Jan. 12, 1999]

§ 184.1009 Adipic acid.

- (a) Adipic acid ($C_6H_{10}O_4$, CAS Reg. No. 00124–04–9) is also known as 1,4-butanedicarboxylic acid or hexanedioic acid. It is prepared by nitric acid oxidation of cyclohexanol or cyclohexanone or a mixture of the two.
- (b) The ingredient meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), p. 11, which is incorporated by reference (Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http://www.archives.gov/federal_register/

code of federal regulations/

ibr_locations.html.), and the following additional specifications:

- (1) The adipic acid is converted to its corresponding amide. The amide is purified by recrystallization from water or aqueous ethanol. The melting range of the amide is 219° to 220° C.
- (2) The adipic acid is converted to its corresponding bis-p-p-bromophenacyl

ester. The ester is purified by recrystallization from ethanol. The melting range of the ester is 153° to 154 °C.

- (c) The ingredient is used as a flavoring agent as defined in $\S170.3(0)(12)$ of this chapter; leavening agent as defined in $\S170.3(0)(17)$ of this chapter; and pH control agent as defined in $\S170.3(0)(23)$ of this chapter.
- (d) The ingredient is used in foods at levels not to exceed current good manufacturing practice in accordance with §184.1(b)(1). Current good manufacturing practice results in maximum levels, as served, of 0.05 percent for baked goods as defined in §170.3(n)(1) of this chapter; 0.005 percent for nonalcoholic beverages as defined in §170.3(n)(3) of this chapter; 5.0 percent for condiments and relishes as defined in §170.3(n)(8) of this chapter; 0.45 percent for dairy product analogs as defined in $\S170.3(n)(10)$ of this chapter; 0.3 percent for fats and oil as defined in §170.3(n)(12) of this chapter; 0.0004 percent for frozen dairy desserts as defined in §170.3(n)(20) of this chapter; 0.55 percent for gelatin and puddings as defined in §170.3(n)(22) of this chapter; 0.1 percent for gravies as defined in $\S170.3(n)(24)$ of this chapter; 0.3 percent for meat products as defined in §170.3(n)(29) of this chapter; 1.3 percent for snack foods as defined 170.3(n)(37) of this chapter; and 0.02percent or less for all other food cat-
- (e) Prior sanctions for adipic acid different from the uses established in this section do not exist or have been waived.

[47 FR 27810, June 25, 1982]

§184.1011 Alginic acid.

- (a) Alginic acid is a colloidal, hydrophilic polysaccharide obtained from certain brown algae by alkaline extraction.
- (b) The ingredient meets the specifications of the Food Chemicals Codex, 3d Ed. (1981), p. 13, which is incorporated by reference. Copies are available from the National Academy Press, 2101 Constitution Ave. NW., Washington, DC 20418, or available for inspection at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or